## The History of the Golden Ratio

NAME:

CLASS:

DATE:

## Basic

1) Express the following ratios in their simplest form:
a) $5: 20$
b) $14: 21$
c) $36: 18$
d) $105: 100$
2) Express the following ratios in their simplest form:
a) $36: 40$
b) $6 \mathrm{~mm}: 3 \mathrm{~cm}$
c) $2.5 \mathrm{~m}: 6 \mathrm{~m}$
3) The dimensions of a room are length 12 m and width 8 m . What is the ratio of:
a) its length to its width?
b) its width to its length?

## The History of the Golden Ratio

## Basic

4) The course of a yacht race from point $A$ to point $B$ to point $C$ and back to point $A$ is shown in the diagram below. Using the scale of 1 cm to 50 km , calculate the total distance of the completed course.

5) Draw the following triangles accurately:
a)

b)

c)


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## Core

1) Express the following ratios in their simplest form:
a) $5: 20$
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d) $105: 100$
2) Express the following ratios in their simplest form:
a) $36: 40$
b) $6 \mathrm{~mm}: 3 \mathrm{~cm}$
c) $2.5 \mathrm{~m}: 6 \mathrm{~m}$
3) Express the following ratios in the form 1:n
а) $3: 18$
b) $4: 10$
c) $4: 31$
d) $4: 15$
4) The perimeter of a triangle is 75 cm . The sides have lengths $a, b$ and $c$. The ratio of $b$ to $a$ is $3: 5$, and the ratio of $c$ to a is $7: 5$. Find the length of each side.

## The History of the Golden Ratio

## Core

5) Draw the following triangles accurately.
a)

b)

c)

6) The formats for standard paper sizes are as follows:

- The area of $A 0$ is $1 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$; the area of $A 1$ is $0.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$; that of $A 2$ is $0.25 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, and so on.
- All formats are similar.
- Format $A 1$ is $A 0$ cut into two equal pieces. Thus, the length of $A 1$ is the width of $A 0$ and the width of $A 1$ is half the length of $A 0$. In a similar way format $A 2$ is $A 1$ cut into equal pieces.


The History of the Golden Ratio

NAME:

CLASS:

DATE:

## Advanced

1) Express the following ratios in the form $1: n$
a) $3: 18$
b) $4: 10$
c) $4: 31$
d) $4: 15$
2) The perimeter of a triangle is 75 cm . The sides have lengths $a, b$, and $c$. The ratio of $b$ to $a$ is $3: 5$, and the ratio of $c$ to $a$ is $7: 5$. Find the length of each side.
3) The formats for standard paper sizes are as follows:

- The area of $A 0$ is $1 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$; the area of $A 1$ is $0.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$; that of $A 2$ is $0.25 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$, and so on.
- All formats are similar.
- Format A1 is A0 cut into two equal pieces. Thus, the length of $A 1$ is the width of $A 0$ and the width of $A 1$ is half the length of $A 0$. In a similar way format $A 2$ is $A 1$ cut into equal pieces.
a) What is the proportion of width and length for each paper format?
b) What are the width and length of a piece of A4 paper?
c) If you want to change the size of an A3 picture to A4 format, what percentage reduction would you have to make?



## The History of the Golden Ratio

## Advanced

4) A dining room must meet the following design specification:

- It must be cuboid in shape.
- The floor area must be greater than $15 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ and less than $30 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
- It must have a floor diagonal of at least 7 m .
- It must have a diagonal from the floor to the ceiling that makes an angle of between $15^{\circ}$ and $25^{\circ}$.
- $\quad$ The height of the room must be less than $3 m$ but greater than $2 m$.

Draw a scale model of the net of a possible room that meets the above design requirements.

The History of the Golden Ratio

## ANSWERS

## Basic

1) a) $1: 4$
b) $\mathbf{2 : 3}$
c) $\mathbf{2 : 1}$
d) $\mathbf{2 1 : 2 0}$
2) a) $9: 10$
b) $1: 5$
c) $5: 12$
3) a) $3: 2$
b) $\mathbf{2 : 3}$
4) 720 km
Core
5) a) $1: 4$
b) $2: 3$
c) $\mathbf{2 : 1}$
d) $\mathbf{2 1 : 2 0}$
6) a) $9: 10$
b) $1: 5$
c) $5: 12$
7) a) $1: 6$
b) $1: 2.5$
c) $1: 7.75$
d) 1:3.75
8) $\mathrm{a}=25 \mathrm{~cm} ; \mathrm{b}=15 \mathrm{~cm} ; \mathrm{c}=35 \mathrm{~cm}$
9) a) $1: 1.414$
b) $\mathbf{2 1 0} \mathbf{m m} \times 297 \mathrm{~mm}$

Advanced

1) a) $1: 6$
b) $1: 2.5$
c) $1: 7.75$
d) 1:3.75
2) $\mathrm{a}=25 \mathrm{~cm} ; \mathrm{b}=15 \mathrm{~cm} ; \mathrm{c}=35 \mathrm{~cm}$
3) a) $1: 1.414$
b) $\mathbf{2 1 0} \mathbf{m m} \times 297 \mathrm{~mm}$
c) $70.7 \%$
